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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
09/892,048	06/26/2001	Bhavesh Mistry	S63.2-9764	1791		
490	490 7590 02/23/2004			EXAMINER		
•	RETT & STEINKRAUS	THOMPSON, KATHRYN L				
SUITE 2000	IRCLE DRIVE	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER			
MINNETONK	CA, MN 55343-9185	3763				
			DATE MAILED: 02/23/2004	, /6		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	<b></b>								
Office Action Summary		Application	i No.	Applicant(s)	J				
		09/892,048		MISTRY ET AL					
		Examiner		Art Unit					
		Kathryn L T		3763					
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cov r sheet with the correspondenc address Period for Reply									
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filled after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply sepecified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).									
Status									
2a)⊠ This action is FINAL.  3)□ Since this application is in contact.	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>26 November 2003</u> .  This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) This action is non-final.  Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition of Claims									
<ul> <li>A)  Claim(s) 1.3-5 and 7 is/are pending in the application.</li> <li>4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.</li> <li>5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.</li> <li>6)  Claim(s) 1. 3-5. 7 is/are rejected.</li> <li>7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.</li> <li>8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.</li> </ul>									
Application Papers	·								
9) The specification is objected 10) The drawing(s) filed on Applicant may not request that Replacement drawing sheet(s) 11) The oath or declaration is ob	_ is/are: a) _ acc any objection to the including the correct	epted or b)[ drawing(s) be tion is require	e held in abeyance. Se d if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). ojected to. See 37 C					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119	•								
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>									
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PT Paper No(s)/Mail Date			4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail D 5) Notice of Informal I 6) Other:		<sup>-</sup> O-152)				



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### **DETAILED ACTION**

## Specification

Applicant is reminded of the proper language and format for an abstract of the disclosure.

The abstract should be in narrative form and generally limited to a single paragraph on a separate sheet within the range of 50 to 150 words. It is important that the abstract not exceed 150 words in length since the space provided for the abstract on the computer tape used by the printer is limited. The form and legal phraseology often used in patent claims, such as "means" and "said," should be avoided. The abstract should describe the disclosure sufficiently to assist readers in deciding whether there is a need for consulting the full patent text for details.

The language should be clear and concise and should not repeat information given in the title. It should avoid using phrases which can be implied, such as, "The disclosure concerns," "The disclosure defined by this invention," "The disclosure describes," etc.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1, 3-5, and 7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as containing subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. Applicant nowhere discloses in the specification that the balloon is made from a radiopaque material.

Rather, Applicant discloses that a radiopaque material is sprayed onto the balloon

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material.

(Page 3, Lines 18-23), thus making the balloon material separate from the radiopaque

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## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

Claims 1 and 3-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Fischell et al (US 5,792,144). Fischell et al discloses a stent delivery catheter comprising a catheter having a distal end, the catheter including a balloon near its distal end, a stent mounted for delivery onto the balloon, the balloon being made of a material the material being made of at least one radiopaque portion wherein the at least one radiopaque portion comprises one or more radiopaque band portions and wherein the radiopaque band portions are positioned so that they mark the proximal and distal ends of the stent (Column 4, Lines 26-48). Fischell et al also teaches wherein the radiopaque portion is made by including radiopaque metal powder (Column 2, Lines 41-47).

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the



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invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claim 7 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Fischell et al in view of Cioanta et al (US2002/0082610). Fischell et al discloses all of the claimed limitations except at least one portion to which radiopaque ink has been applied.

Cioanta et al teaches at least one portion to which radiopaque ink has been applied (Page 8, [0078]). Cioanta et al discloses that radiopaque ink is just one of the many well known biocompatible markers that are applied to block the transmission of X-ray for better contrast in images (Page 9, [0078]). It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to use the teachings of Cioanta et al to modify the invention of Fischell et al in order to create a stent delivery catheter in which the radiopaque portion of the balloon is made by applying radiopaque ink.

## Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed on November 26, 2003 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. With respect to the 112 Rejection, Applicant argues that he discloses using radiopaque metal powder when molding the balloon to create radiopaque regions and therefore there is ample support for the balloon being made of a material, the material being made of at least one radiopaque portion. Examiner respectfully disagrees. According to the specification, the balloon mold (which is made of one material) can be etched to make marks on the balloon to indicate where the radiopaque metal powder (another material) could be applied (P.4, Lines 10-13, state that a suspension of radiopaque metallic powder and a resin/solvent mixture is used to



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mark the balloon with radiopaque portions). It is clear in Applicant's disclosure that the two materials are separate. The balloon is one material and the radiopaque material is a separate material that is applied to the surface of the balloon. There is no support in Applicant's specification that the balloon material <a href="ITSELF">ITSELF</a> is radiopaque. What is radiopaque is the ink and the metal powder. Therefore, Examiner maintains that Fischell et al discloses the exact structure of the instant application.

#### Conclusion

THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kathryn L Thompson whose telephone number is 703-305-3286. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:30 AM - 6:00 PM: 1st Friday Off.



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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Brian Casler can be reached on 703-308-3552. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

**KLT** 

Kys.

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SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER
TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700